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School Committee
Masconomet Regional School District
20 Endicott Road
Boxford, Massachusetts 01921

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Masconomet Regional School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Masconomet Regional School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Masconomet Regional School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Masconomet Regional School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We have reviewed the fiscal year 2017 financial statements and have found no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

Our audit involves reviewing internal accounting control procedures that are being followed by the District. During our audit we select a sample from the entire population of transactions, using generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS), that have been developed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The sample transactions that were selected relate to payroll, accounts payable, accounts receivable, cash receipts and related items. During our review of the selected sample of transactions, we found that the District has very good internal accounting control policies and procedures in place.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

In an effort to enhance the financial information available to readers of government financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is continually issuing new "statements" that affect what is required to be reported in governmental financial statements. Recently, the GASB issued new statements that affect the District's reporting requirements.

GASB Statement #74 *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans* is effective for the District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements. GASB 74 requires additional disclosures and Required Supplementary Information schedules regarding the District's Other Post Employment Trust Fund. Most of the data necessary for the new reporting requirement is provided by an actuary.

The District will have to have a biennial Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) actuarial valuation. However, there are actuarial updates that will be needed annually.

GASB Statement #74, also, requires that the actuary have data that supports the discount rate utilized in the valuation. Otherwise, a much lower discount rate (the twenty year municipal bond rate) must be utilized as the discount rate. The lower the discount rate is, the higher the OPEB liability is.

The GASB, also, issued Statement #75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement #75 is effective for the District's fiscal year 2018 reporting period. GASB Statement #75 is a complex, two hundred and eighty-one page document that provides guidance on financial reporting for a variety of different types of OPEB plans.

One of the most significant changes that is a result of GASB statement #75 is the requirement to report the District's entire OPEB liability beginning in the fiscal year 2018 financial statements. Prior to the issuance of GASB 75, the OPEB liability was being "phased in" to the District's statement of net position.

Reporting the entire OPEB liability in the District's statement of net position will have a negative impact on the District's Unrestricted Net Position. However, we do not believe that reporting the entire liability will impact the District's bond rating. When bond rating agencies and other informed readers review the District's financial statements, they consider the OPEB liability that has been reported as RSI (Required Supplementary Information) in the rear of the financial statements, that was not required to be reported in the District's statement of net position.

Current Status of Prior Year Comments Relating to Cash Reconciliation and Other Matters

During our current fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 audit, we reviewed the current status of the 2016 management letter comments we wrote that relate to "cash reconciliation", "proper recording and reporting of financial transactions", "donation and gift management", and "grant management". These matters were identified as areas that affect the internal accounting control and reporting requirements that needed to be improved. The District hired a new Accountant who is Certified Public Accountant. From our experience working with the new District Accountant, we feel that she is very capable of performing the required recording and reporting duties. In addition, the new Assistant Treasurer is doing a good job in her duties relating to cash reconciliation.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, we found that the needed improvements to the above mentioned matters, relating to the accounting and reporting requirements, have been made by the District Accountant, while working under the direct supervision of the Assistant Superintendent for Finance and Operations.

In relation to the "cash reconciliation" comment, we noted in our prior year report, there were several matters that needed to be addressed. During our current audit, we found that all of these items have been taken care of and cash is now being properly reconciled from the Accountant's general ledger balances to the Treasurer's cash book balances and to the actual bank statement balances, in a timely manner every month.

The three other internal accounting control matters that we commented on, in our prior year management letter, relate to “proper recording and reporting of financial transactions”, “donation and gift management”, and “grant management”. During our current audit, we found that these concerns have been addressed and that the proper recording and reporting practices are now being followed by the District.

Uniform Guidance

This comment about the Uniform Guidance was also included in our prior year audit report. We have included the comment again this year because we want to be certain that the District is aware of the requirements.

On December 26, 2013, OMB published its comprehensive overhaul of federal grant administrative, cost accounting, and audit policies in the Federal Register. This final guidance, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) supersedes and combines the requirements of eight existing OMB Circulars (A-21, A-50, A-87, A-89, A-102, A-110, A-122 and A-133). The Uniform Guidance significantly reforms federal grant making to focus resources on improving performance and outcomes with the intent to reduce administrative burdens for grant applicants and recipients and reduce the risk of waste, fraud, and abuse.

The Uniform Guidance is a substantial document that addresses (among many other topics) cost principles, internal controls, procurement requirements and audit requirements. The Uniform Guidance is effective December 26, 2014. New and incrementally-funded awards issued on or after December 26, 2014 will be subject to the Uniform Guidance. Audit Requirements will apply to audits of fiscal years beginning on or after December 26, 2014 (i.e. fiscal year 2016).

One of the primary focuses of the new Uniform Guidance (as it relates to grantees) is internal controls over federal grants. The meaning of “must” and “should” as they are used throughout the Uniform Guidance is clarified. “Must” is not optional, “should” is recommended.

Section 200.303 of the Uniform Guidance addresses internal controls and states:

The non-Federal entity (i.e. the District) must:

- (a) Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in “Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government” issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the “Internal Control Integrated Framework”, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).
- (b) Comply with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal awards.
- (c) Evaluate and monitor the non-Federal entity’s compliance with statute, regulations and the terms and conditions of Federal awards.
- (d) Take prompt action when instances of noncompliance are identified including noncompliance identified in audit findings.
- (e) Take reasonable measures to safeguard protected personally identifiable information and other information the Federal awarding agency or pass through entity designates as sensitive or the non-Federal entity considers sensitive consistent with applicable Federal, state and local laws regarding privacy and obligations of confidentiality.

The “Internal Control Integrated Framework” issued by the COSO commission identifies five components of internal control that they believe should be considered in every system of internal control.

The five components are:

- (1) Control Environment - The “tone at the top” should promote and expect ethical behavior.
- (2) Risk Assessment - Consider what could go wrong and what the impact is.
- (3) Control Activities - What controls have we established – reconciling, approvals, oversight...
- (4) Communication and Information - Is pertinent information captured, identified and communicated on a timely basis? Are records and information systems sufficient to provide reliable reporting and to demonstrate compliance with the federal award?
- (5) Monitoring - Are the internal controls operating as intended? Have controls become outdated or obsolete? Monitoring occurs in the course of everyday operations; it includes regular management & supervisory activities and other actions personnel take in performing their duties.

The Uniform Guidance requires that the internal control policies and procedures must be in writing. Topics that must be addressed in the internal control procedures document relating to procurement include the following:

- Must maintain oversight to ensure contractors perform within the terms, conditions and specifications of the contracts or purchase orders.
- Must maintain written standards of conduct covering conflict of interest with respect to employees engaged in the selection, award and administration of contracts.
- Must maintain written standards of conduct covering organizational conflict of interest.
- Must avoid acquisition of unnecessary or duplicative items.

The Uniform Guidance raises the threshold for the requirement of an audit performed under the Single Audit Act to \$750,000 of federal expenditures in a fiscal year. Although the District may not fall under the requirements of the Single Audit Act in the near future, we recommend that the District become familiar with the new requirements of the Uniform Guidance and develop written internal control policies and procedures in order to comply with the Guidance.

Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has been very active in developing new standards in the past three years. It is important that the District be aware of the current and proposed standard changes. During fiscal year 2017, the following GASB pronouncements were effective:

- The GASB issued Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68*, which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2017. The implementation of this pronouncement did not impact the financial statements for the District.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2017. The implementation of this pronouncement required new disclosures and required supplementary information schedules related to the District’s Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2017. The implementation of this pronouncement did not impact the financial statements for the District.

- The GASB issued Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2017. The implementation of this pronouncement did not impact the financial statements for the District.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2017. The implementation of this pronouncement did not impact the financial statements for the District.

The following GASB pronouncements will be implemented in future fiscal years:

- The GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which is required to be implemented in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 81 Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, which is required to be implemented in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2018.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations which is required to be implemented in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities which is required to be implemented in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 which is required to be implemented in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues which is required to be implemented in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
- The GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases which is required to be implemented in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management is currently assessing the impact that the implementation of these pronouncements will have on the basic financial statements. Management's current assessment is that GASB Statement #75 will have a significant impact on the District's basic financial statements by recognizing the entire actuarially accrued liability and expense, related to the District's Other Post-Employment Benefits.

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This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, and those charged with governance, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

After you have had an opportunity to consider our comments and recommendations, we shall be pleased to discuss them further with you. We would like to thank you for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during the course of the engagement.

Very Truly Yours,

Giusti, Hingston and Company

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